5TH INTERNATIONAL STUDENT CONFERENCE ON LOCAL SAFETY AND SECURITY









Faculty of Criminal Justice and Security



3. SDG: GOOD HEALTHAND WELL-BEING

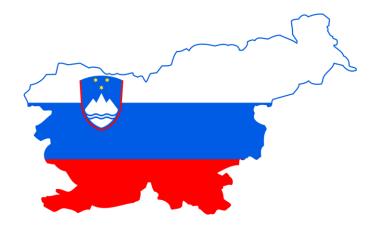
Katja Bajs, Noemi Kapelj

Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages

Targets:

- 3.1 By 2030, reduce the global maternal mortality ratio to less than 70 per 100,000 live births
- 3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases
- 3.5 Strengthen the prevention and treatment of substance abuse, including narcotic drug abuse and harmful use of alcohol
- 3.7 By 2030, ensure universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes
- 3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination



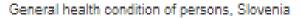


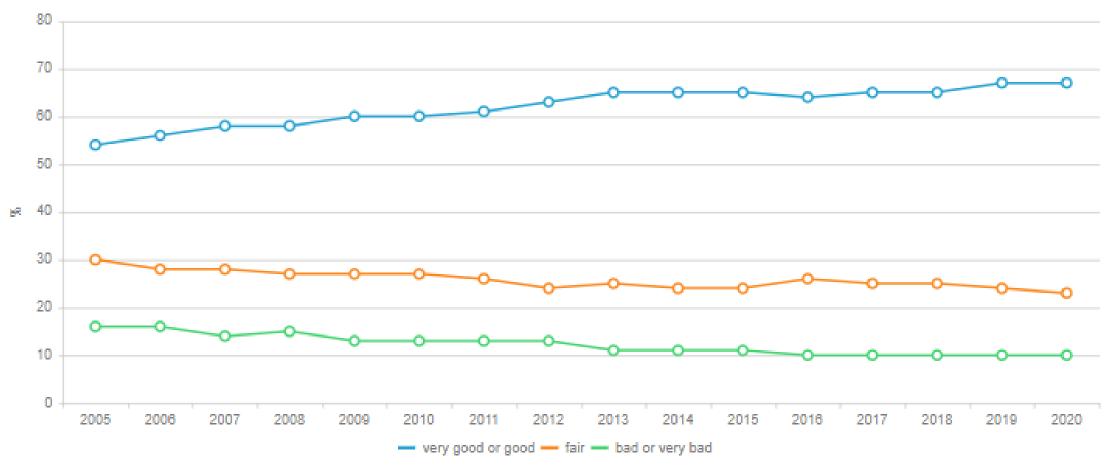
Projects:

- CHRODIS
- EMCDDA
- JANPA
- EXPAND
- HONCAB

Programmes:

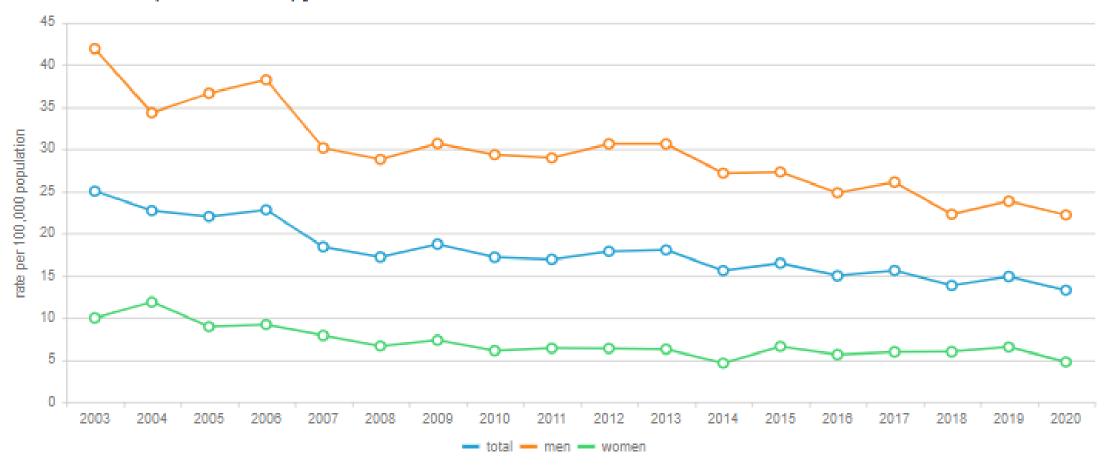
- Mental health among adolescents
- Healthy lifestyle model
- Centre for addiction prevention
- Vaccination and medication protection programme
- The svit programme



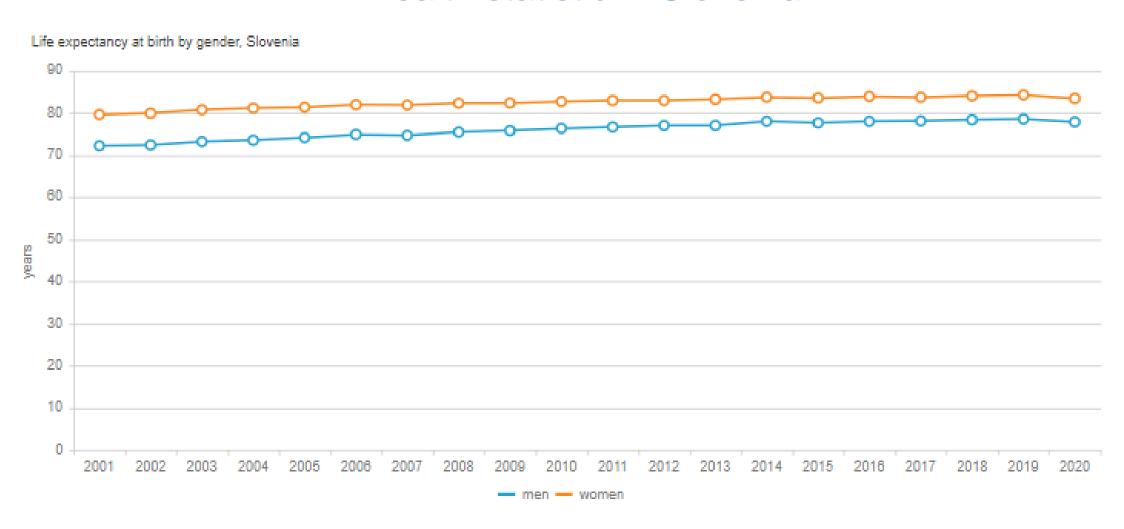


General health condition of persons - how a person perceives their health in general using one of the answer categories very good/good/fair/bad/very bad.

Standardized mortality rate due to suicide by gender, Slovenia

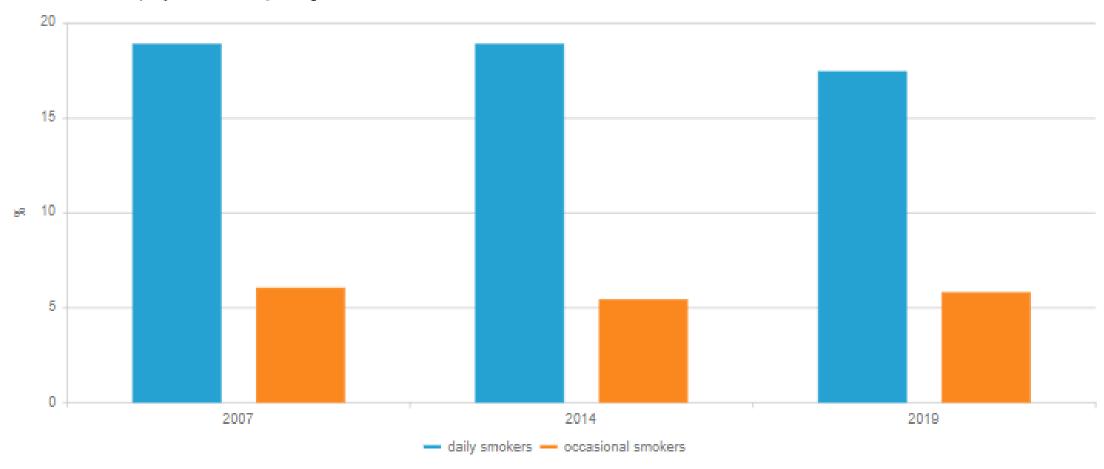


The mortality rate due to suicide describes the suicide mortality per 100,000 population in the observed calendar year. An age-standardized rate is calculated, which allows a comparison of populations with different age structures of the population.



Life expectancy is the average number of years that a person can expect to live at birth if the mortality by age during their lifetime remains the same as the values of the life tables for the observed year.

Share of smokers (daily and occasional) among adults, Slovenia



Share of smokers among adults describes the number of people aged 15 years and over who answered in the survey that they smoke cigarettes every day or occasionally.



Concluding thoughts

- Impact of health on quality of life
- Covid-19 pandemic
- Mental health
- Public health care in Slovenia

THANKYOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION