7TH INTERNATIONAL STUDENT CONFERENCE ON LOCAL SAFETY AND SECURITY



PRAVNI FAKULTET





Faculty of Criminal Justice and Security



Slovenian Research and Innovation Agency

TOURISM IN RURAL AREAS AND SAFETY - TYPES OF RURAL TOURISM

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RURAL TOURISM

- Type of tourism activity,
- services and products related to nature, agriculture, etc.

In 2021, rural areas in EU accounted for 43.8% of all tourist accomodations





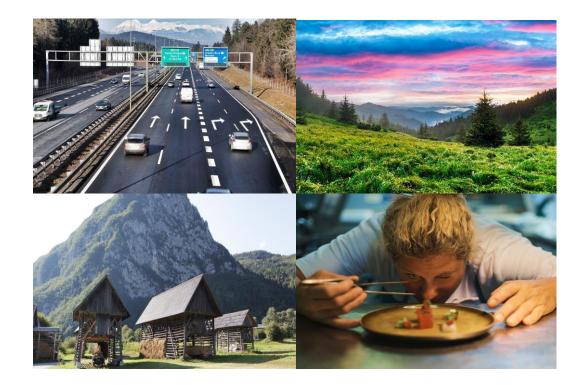
TYPES OF RURAL TOURISM IN SLOVENIA



- Active forms of activities

FACTORS INFLUENCING TOURISTS' DECISIONS

- Nature,
- social factors,
- transportation factors,
- acceptance factors.



900 registered tourist farms, 400 local providers (food, wine, beer), 30.000 wine makers, 200.000 bee colonies.

DEVELOPMENT OF RURAL TOURISM IN SLOVENIA

- Greater progress since the 90's of the last century,
- improving the standard of living, reducing depopulation,
- rural tourism as an additional activity on farms.



TOURISM SAFETY

MACRO LEVEL - Destination image, reduction in demand and number of visitors MICRO LEVEL - Individual's feelings, vulnerability, and recommendations to others





SECURITY CHALLENGES



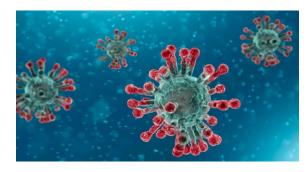


CRIME - opportunistic or organized (increased risk of terrorist attacks) ENVIRONMENTAL THREATS - floods, ice storms, drought,... SPREAD OF INFECTIOUS DISEASES



WAR CONFLICTS







Crisis management and planning

SAFETY MANAGEMENT IN RURAL TOURISM

To ensure safe tourist destinations, we must pay attention to the safety of:

- tourists,
- employees,
- space,
- environment,
- economy.





SAFETY MANAGEMENT IN RURAL TOURISM

Risk assessment: A process in which we evaluate the danger and risk factors that have the potential to cause harm

Risk management involves:

- 1. Determining the type of risk
- 2. Identifying the risk
- 3. Risk analysis
- 4. Risk mitigation
- 5. Evalutaion

