

# SUCCESSFUL

# Integration process Co-funded by the European Union





## JeS- Successful integration process

This Joint Research Report is based on the National Research Reports provided by project partners.

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|--|---|
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#### THE LATEST RESEARCH IN BELGIUM

| No | Author<br>(year)           | Study purpose  | Study type                         | Data<br>collection   | Participants and sampling   | Main findings/Findings related to trafficking in human beings  | Link   |
|----|----------------------------|--|------------------------------------|--|---|--|--|
| 1  | Lietaert<br>(2019)         | Have a better understanding of the possibilities and constraints of reintegration support.   | Longitudinal<br>follow-up<br>study | Semi-<br>structured<br>interviews,<br>interviews with<br>caseworkers,<br>observations of<br>the<br>implementatio<br>n of<br>reintegration<br>support | Purposive sampling of all Armenian and Georgian migrants who returned with reintegration support in a certain period. | Various understandings of reintegration support for migrants highlight complexities and challenges. Addressing structural conditions in migrants' home countries and enhancing economic reintegration programs are crucial. A combined approach of individual support and improving opportunities in migrants' home countries is necessary. Emotional and material aspects of reintegration must be considered alongside flexibility in support programs. Reflective design of support, recognizing the role of social workers and navigating donor-contractor dynamics, is essential. Trusting and being open to the experiences of caseworkers in migrants' home countries is paramount. | https://academic.<br>oup.com/bjsw/art<br>icle/49/5/1216/515<br>6198?login=true#1<br>38351516 |
| 2  | Schrooten et<br>al. (2015) | Contribute to the field of migration studies and mobility studies and to policy debates by drawing attention to the complexities of present- | Ethnographic<br>study              | In-depth<br>interviews +<br>follow-up with<br>mobile<br>methodology  | Participants contacted<br>through gatekeepers like<br>churches and migrant<br>organisations through<br>snowballing.   | The traditional views on migration should be challenged because of the complex and diverse nature of mobility trajectories. Linear migration conceptualizations are not relevant and individuals' movements often defy simple categorization. Many Brazilians  | https://www.tanc<br>fonline.com/doi/p<br>df/10.1080/136918<br>3X.2015.1089160                |



|   |                       | day mobilities, the continuous shifts of trajectories and the changes of 'position' that may occur during these trajectories.    |   |  | → 10 undocumented and 28 documented Brazilians.  | exhibit ongoing geographical mobility, moving through various countries before settling. Their mobility is influenced by diverse factors and may not always be intentional. Rather than settling elsewhere, many aim to improve their quality of life at home. This challenges conventional notions of migration as a one-way movement. Integration policies should be rethought to accommodate diverse forms of mobility. A more dynamic understanding of population mobility beyond traditional migration frameworks is needed. |  |
|---|-----------------------|--|---|--|--|---|--|
| 3 | Lietaert<br>(2016)    | Challenge the boundaries and moral contradictions that underpin the treatment of transnational adoptees and unaccompanied minors | Comparative<br>analysis<br>based on<br>empirical<br>studies | Participant observation, in-depth interviews, analysis of media coverage and policy documents. | Adoptive parents, professionals, guardians, foster parents, unaccompanied minors and young adults. | Transnational adoptees and unaccompanied minors in Belgium are very vulnerable and there's a difference in the care provided to them and the special protections afforded to them under child protection laws. The Western-centric perspectives on family should be questioned and a more inclusive approach to caring for these children is advisable. The re-evaluation could lead to a reconsideration of transnational care for children, potentially challenging existing policies and ideologies.                           | https://lib.ugent.b<br>e/en/catalog/pug<br>01:8029550?i=4&<br>max_year=2017&<br>min_year=2015&q<br>=Lietaert+Broekae<br>rt |
| 4 | Vandevoordt<br>(2017) | Contribute knowledge on how eating practices are   | Ethnographic<br>study                                       | Semi-<br>structured<br>interviews and  | Respondents recruited through various  | Eating practices are essential for Syrian refugees in creating a sense of home, autonomy, and social identity. Through  | https://lib.ugent.b<br>e/nl/catalog/pug0<br>1:8653071?access=  |



|   |                       | crucial for Syrians while integrating.  |                       | informal<br>observations        | channels to maximise variation.   | rituals of eating and hosting, they reshape their identities and establish a microsphere of belonging amid displacement. These practices offer a brief respite from the challenges of their environment, fostering a sense of normalcy and inclusion.  | online&i=20&max<br>_year=2024&min_<br>year=2014&q=mig<br>ration+Belgium&ty<br>pe=article  |
|---|-----------------------|---|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---|--|---|
| 5 | Ogbe et al.<br>(2021) | Identify key strategies and opportunities for developing peer-led and network-oriented strategies for mitigating the effects of sexual and gender-based violence among asylum seekers at these centres. | Etnoghraphic<br>study | Interviews,<br>literature study | Data triangulation, interviews with service providers and asylum seekers from three asylum centres in Belgium, discussions with experts and stakeholders. | Many of the asylum seekers presented with PTSD or psychosomatic symptoms, because of different forms of sexual and gender-based violence (SGBV). Peer and family support are very influential in mitigating the effects and social costs of violence among the asylum seekers by providing emotional and material support. Social assistants are an information resource that is essential for most of the asylum seekers. Peer-peer support is identified as a potential tool for mitigating the effects of SGBV. | https://lib.ugent.b<br>e/nl/catalog?acce<br>ss=online&max_y<br>ear=2024&min_ye<br>ar=2014&page=2&<br>q=migration+Belgi<br>um&type=article |



## THE LATEST PROJECTS IN BELGIUM

| No | Author (year)                             | Title, Acronym | Programme   | Period of project | Implementation level | Main objective  | Link   |
|----|---|----------------|---|-------------------|----------------------|---|--|
| 1  | IOM –<br>Belgium<br>and<br>Luxembour<br>g | MATCH          | Migration of African talents through Capacity Building and Employment | 2020-2023         | International        | The MATCH project aims to address labour shortages by offering young graduates from Nigeria and Senegal a workplace in companies in Belgium, Italy, Luxembourg and the Netherlands. The project aims to strengthen the skills and employability of the young migrant workers, while addressing labour market shortages in the EU. | https://belgium.io<br>m.int/sites/g/files/d<br>mzbdl1286/files/d<br>cuments/MATCH-<br>Info-Sheet-NL-<br>online.pdf |



| No | Author (year)                      | Title, Acronym                        | Programme  | Period of project         | Implementation level | Main objective  | Link   |
|----|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------|----------------------|---|--|
| 2  | IOM –<br>Belgium and<br>Luxembourg |                                       | Enhancing Tunisian<br>youth<br>employability<br>through<br>professional<br>internships in<br>Belgian companies | March 2018-August<br>2019 | Belgium & Tunisia    | The project aims at supporting the efforts of the Tunisian government to reduce the high unemployment rates among young Tunisian nationals by offering internships and apprenticeships in Belgium to enable them to reinforce their knowledge, acquire new professional competences, and increase their probability to find an appropriate job in the Tunisian labour market. | https://belgium.io<br>m.int/sites/g/files/t<br>mzbdl1286/files/do<br>cuments/Factsheet<br>%20Enhancing%20<br>Tunisian%20Youth<br>%20Employability_<br>EN.pdf |
| 3  | IOM -<br>Belgium and<br>Luxembourg | Displaced Talent for<br>Europe (DT4E) | Facilitating skilled<br>migration for<br>displaced talent to<br>respond to labour<br>market shortages          | Ongoing since 2022        | International        | The project aims to increase national support for displaced talent mobility, to engage the private sector to address skill shortages, to support minimum 250 talents and to create a community of practice.   | https://belgium.io<br>m.int/displaced-<br>talent-europe-dt4e   |



| No | Author (year)                              | Title, Acronym                     | Programme  | Period of project               | Implementation level | Main objective  | Link  |
|----|--|------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|----------------------|---|---|
| 4  | Agency for<br>Integration<br>and Inclusion | Buddy projects for<br>new entrants | Linking newcomers with residents to promote integration in a professional setting. | 2019-2024                       | Regional             | It's a successful initiative to familiarise newcomers with Flemish society, let them practice Dutch and build their network. It makes natives aware of what it means to be new, introduces them to the newcomers in their municipality and enriches their view of diversity. This methodology offers 1-to-1 support in an informal way. | https://www.integratie-inburgering.be/nl/wat-kunnen-we-voor-jou-doen/ondersteuning-voor-je-organisatie-of-lokaal-bestuur/publicaties/draaiboek-buddyprojecten-nieuwkomers |
| 5  | Agency for<br>Integration<br>and Inclusion | Follow-up after integration        | Follow-up after integration  | Ongoing until<br>September 2025 | Regional             | Some newcomers need some extra support after their integration programme to fulfil their social, educational or professional ambitions. This project wants to further investigate the thresholds and needs of ex-citizens in Flanders and Brussels and offer tailormade solutions.  | https://www.integratie- inburgering.be/nl/ wat-kunnen-we- voor-jou- doen/heb-je-na- je- inburgeringstraject- nog-vragen-volg- dan-een- vervolgtraject                     |



#### GOOD AND SUSTAINABLE PRACTICES IN BELGIUM

| Title  | Aims  | Period  | Activities   | Results  | Link  |
|--|---|---------|--|--|---|
| Reception education for non-native newcomers | Teaching newcomers the language to facilitate the integration process.      | Ongoing | Intake interview, lessons, tests, advice   | Some people learn Dutch faster than others, people often make the same mistakes. This depends on several factors such as personal background, learning ability, social interactions, etc.  | https://www.ir<br>tegratie-<br>inburgering.be/<br>nederlands-<br>stimuleren |
| Ikdoemee.be                                  | Practising Dutch in an informal way and meeting new people in the meantime. | Ongoing | Activities for children, art and culture   |  | https://www.ik<br>doemee.be/  |
| Kifkif                                       | Equality, no racism, an inclusive, democratic and intercultural society.    | Ongoing | Website offering information through articles, podcasts, dossiers, e-books and activities. | Through critical, sensitising, interactive and educational initiatives, Kif Kif gives people the tools to have a different voice in the social debate on intercultural society. In this way, Kif Kif actively empowers individuals and groups who are excluded from fundamental rights or discriminated against. | https://kifkif.be<br>/over-<br>ons/visie-en-<br>missie                      |



| Title                                       | Aims   | Period    | Activities  | Results | Link  |
|---|--|-----------|---|---------|---|
| Van migratie naar<br>arbeidsmarktintegratie | Addressing the issue of exclusion of significant groups of people, particularly those with a migration background, by bringing together stakeholders to reflect on how to increase their chances of employment through a comprehensive approach that considers various factors such as housing, health, education, and social integration. | 20/2/2020 | This initiative organizes events to bring together stakeholders, including civil society, academics, and experts, to discuss strategies for improving employment opportunities for individuals with a migration background. |         | https://www.u csia.org/home/t hemalijnen/ethi ek-en- economie/even ementen/van- migratie-naar- arbeidsmarktint egratie/ |



| Title  | Aims  | Period | Activities   | Results  | Link                                  |
|--------|---|--------|--|--|---------------------------------------|
| MICADO | Enhancing migrant integration by leveraging technology to streamline access to essential services, empowering both migrants and local authorities while fostering social cohesion through inclusive development processes and fact-based discussions. |        | Developing an integrated digital system for managing migrant integration, consolidating migrant-related data from various sources, creating interactive frontend applications for analytical support, and offering a "one-fits-all" solution adaptable to different cities' needs. | The MICADO solution offers an integrated digital system for managing migrant integration in urban EU societies, consolidating data from various sources. Its intelligent platform serves as backend infrastructure, while frontend applications offer analytic and synthetic services on migration-related issues. With a "one-fits-all" approach, it provides a ready-to-use solution adaptable to different cities' needs, simplifying migration management without requiring extensive expertise. | https://www.m<br>icadoproject.eu<br>L |



#### GOOD AND SUSTAINABLE PRACTICES IN BELGIUM

| Title  | Programme                | Туре             | Aims  | Period  | Implementation<br>level | Main results   |
|--|--------------------------|------------------|---|---------|-------------------------|--|
| 'Kruip-in-de-huid'<br>van een<br>inburgeraar | Training for supervisors | Social inclusion | Give supervisors an insight into the passage and experience of an integration trajectory. | 2024    | Regional                | As a counsellor of an immigrant, it can help to have an insight into the journey they go through. This training offers them the opportunity to explore the different parts of the integration process, including learning Dutch, meeting new people and getting to know the society. |
|  |                          |                  |   |         |                         | https://www.integrati<br>e-<br>inburgering.be/nl/krui<br>p-in-de-huid-van-<br>een-inburgeraar  |
| Social tolk                                  | Amal                     | Social inclusion | Creating a win-win situation for both parties   | Ongoing | Regional                | Removing the language barrier creates a win-win situation for everyone. The customer is better engaged and information is passed on correctly and completely, making   |



|       |                       |                        |   |                       |          | the appointment more efficient.   |
|-------|-----------------------|------------------------|---|-----------------------|----------|---|
|       |                       |                        |   |                       |          | https://www.amal.ge<br>nt/advies-<br>diensten/sociaal-tolk  |
| AMIF  | Funding, support      | Integration<br>support | Manage migration flows efficiently and develop an integrated approach to asylum, migration, and integration.                        | 2017- 2021            | National | The main results of AMIF include efficient management of migration flows, funding local integration projects, creating digital portals for migrant and refugee integration, and supporting language learning and citizenship courses. |
| Atlas | Integration programme | Social inclusion       | Facilitate integration and inclusion for immigrants in Antwerp through language learning, school guidance, legal services, cultural | Ongoing since<br>2015 | Regional | Atlas has provided comprehensive integration services, including language learning, school guidance, and legal assistance, and has supported numerous   |



|       |   |  | activities, and support for organizations in managing diversity.   |         |          | organizations in<br>managing diversity<br>and implementing<br>language policies in<br>Antwerp.  |
|-------|---|--|--|---------|----------|---|
|       |   |  |  |         |          | https://www.atlas-<br>antwerpen.be/nl   |
| CeMIS | Research on migration and integration in education, labour market, welfare, family, health, and law | Prevention,<br>detection,<br>inclusion | Conducting research on migration and integration in various societal domains such as education, labour market, welfare, family, health, and law. | Ongoing | National | CeMIS has published several books under the "CeMIS Migration and Intercultural Studies" series, conducted various research projects including "PERCEPTIONS" and "MICADO", and initiated community programs like "CURANT" to support unaccompanied young adult refugees They've also contributed to policy reports and evaluated projects like "RESL.ed and "EUMAGINE" to address issues of migration and integration across |



multiple societal domains.

https://www.uantwer pen.be/nl/onderzoeks groep/centrummigratie-interculstudies/







#### THE LATEST RESEARCH IN FINLAND

| No | Author<br>(year)              | Study<br>purpose   | Study<br>type | Data<br>collection | Participants and sampling   | Main findings  | Link   |
|----|-------------------------------|--|---------------|--------------------|---|--|--|
| 1  | Pyrhöne<br>n et al.<br>(2017) | Nordic<br>migration<br>and<br>integration<br>research:<br>overview<br>and future<br>prospects,<br>policy paper<br>3/2017 | Policy paper  | Survey & report    | Interviews with 56 Nordic experts on migration and integration conducted in Denmark, Finland, Iceland, Norway, and Sweden in late 2016, and an online survey of 356 respondents, distributed to researchers via mailing lists of several Nordic research networks and institutions. | Migration and integration are currently highly contentious topics in political, public and scientific arenas, and will remain so in the near future. However, many common migration-related prejudices and inefficiencies in the integration of the migrant population are due to the lack of sound, tested and accessible scientific research. Therefore, the study of migration – by developing basic research and by properly resourcing novel methodological approaches and interventions – will be instrumental in providing a better knowledge base for decision-makers and promoting a more informed population at large. This is the grand purpose this overview report seeks to facilitate. There is consensus among the respondents that the most fruitful avenue for cultivating Nordic added value is through ambitious and demanding research programs. | https://www.diva-<br>portal.org/smash/get/d<br>iva2:1085791/FULLTEXT<br>O1.pdf |



| No | Author<br>(year) | Study<br>purpose   | Study<br>type   | Data<br>collection | Participants<br>and sampling | Main findings   | Link   |
|----|------------------|--|-----------------|--------------------|------------------------------|---|--|
| 2  | Adams (2020)     | Immigrant youth perspective s: Understandi ng challenges and opportunitie s in Finnish Lapland | Book<br>Chapter | Research<br>review |                              | Impacts of global migration are increasingly visible in the Arctic regions. Immigration entails a constantly changing local demographic, and questions of diversity and integration are core issues addressed by social sciences and policymakers. The steady population decline in Finnish Lapland has led to the need to rethink ways to promote the region as an attractive place, especially for young people, to stay. Hence, this chapter deals with the opportunities and challenges faced by immigrant youth in Finnish Lapland and examines different factors of wellbeing from the youth's own perspectives. The importance of using anthropological research methods relating to the topic of youth immigration is highlighted. A review of Vertovec's approach on diversity, multiculturalism, and relevant policies is included to challenge the debate on global immigration and terminology use. Recent research results suggest that opportunities for young immigrants in this area evolve around education and safety issues, and challenges are exemplified through the lack of infrastructure and concerns about interactions within their respective social groups. This chapter concludes by emphasizing the importance of incorporating young people's own views in policy- and decision-making, as a mechanism to increase positive societal impacts in the region. | https://www.taylorfrancis.com/chapters/edit/10.4324/9780429344275-4/immigrant-youth-perspectives-ria-maria-adams |



| No | Author<br>(year)                               | Study<br>purpose   | Study<br>type    | Data<br>collection                          | Participants<br>and sampling                                     | Main findings  | Link   |
|----|--|--|------------------|---|--|--|--|
| 3  | Schieck<br>off and<br>Sprengh<br>olz<br>(2021) | The labour<br>market<br>integration<br>of<br>immigrant<br>women in<br>Europe:<br>context,<br>theory, and<br>evidence   | Quantitat<br>ive | Review<br>Paper                             |  | In this overview, we seek to provide a comprehensive resource for scholars of female immigrant labour market integration in Europe, to act both as a reference and a roadmap for future studies in this domain, Finland included.  | https://link.springer.co<br>m/article/10.1007/s435<br>45-021-00279-3   |
| 4  | Lu and<br>Everson<br>Härkälä<br>(2024)         | Internationa<br>I student<br>experience<br>of<br>employmen<br>t integration<br>in Finland.<br>Research in<br>Comparativ<br>e and<br>Internationa<br>I Education. | Qualitativ<br>e  | In-depth<br>interviews<br>Research<br>paper | n=14, international students (via the university student unions) | The research explored how international students integrate into Finland's workforce through qualitative, indepth interviews. Based on the results, the article provides recommendations for employers and universities on how to better support international students' transition into the workforce of the host country. For instance, employers should clearly specify language requirements in job ads, and when Finnish language skills are needed, it is important to provide an explanation of why and at what level they are required. Universities should provide comprehensive job application courses covering CV writing, case studies, tests, and culturally appropriate interview techniques. Tailored career support is recommended for competitive fields, along with networking opportunities with companies keen on hiring international talent. Language courses should align more closely with students' career aspirations. | https://journals.sagepu<br>b.com/doi/pdf/10.1177/1<br>7454999241238172 |



| No | Author<br>(year) | Study<br>purpose  | Study<br>type   | Data<br>collection | Participants<br>and sampling | Main findings  | Link  |
|----|------------------|---|-----------------|--------------------|------------------------------|--|---|
| 5  | Otiso<br>(2023)  | Religion and immigrant occupationa I attainment across social integration contexts in Finland | Qualitativ<br>e | Research           |                              | This article focuses on expanding the existing knowledge on contextual social integration of immigrants based on religion and occupational attainment. Drawing on the theory of social exchange, it identifies that immigrant religion in Finland serves as a marker of ethnic structures and social identify for minority groups of groups. Religion is the main social identity that provides an institutional belongingness that provides access to tangible resources. These claims are supported by a systematic literature review of prior scholarly work that have investigated the area of religion, migration, and social integration. Using empirical data obtained from interviews conducted on selected number of immigrants living in Helsinki, Finland, this article analyses the effects of religion across social integration contexts in relation to immigrant occupational attainment. Analysis of the interviews find out to a limited extent that in immigrant religious circles social integration is enhanced and there are high chances of connection to occupational opportunities. Similarly, there is an association of discrimination in structural social integration in case of immigrant strong religious expressions. By contrast, this article found out that in case of matching immigrant and natives' religious practice religious participation and attendance seems to be positively associated with occupational attainment. | https://eurasianpublicat<br>ions.com/wp-<br>content/uploads/2023/<br>05/EJSS-11.1.2.pdf |



## THE LATEST PROJECTS IN FINLAND

| No | Author (year) | Title, Acronym | Programme               | Period of project | Implementation<br>level | Main objective   | Link           |
|----|---------------|----------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|----------------|
|    | KSAK Oy       | TAIDA!         | European Social<br>Fund | 2020-2022         | /                       | TAIDA! – Luovat menetelmät maahanmuuttajien ja<br>nuorten elämänpolulla 2020–2022 (GUESS! –<br>Creative methods on the life path of immigrants<br>and young people)  | www.taidahanke |
|    |               |                |                         |                   |                         | The project organised art-based activities for young people under the age of 30 and workingage people in Kuusamo immigrants, individually and in groups. The aim was to bring creative methods of social rehabilitation and to support integration services and to increase awareness of the well-being effects of creative activities. The activities consisted of several different workshops. The guidance utilised the work of an art coordinator and individual tutor. In addition to art activities, the client met their own individual tutor related to everyday life matters. Professionals from the social and creative sectors as well as target groups and representatives of the cooperation network. |                |



| No | Author (year) | Title, Acronym | Programme                             | Period of<br>project | Implementation<br>level | Main objective   | Link  |
|----|---------------|----------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|--|---|
| 2  | Laurea UAS    | Maku<br>(MALL) | ESR+ 2021-2027                        | 2023-2025            |                         | In the MALL-project (Multisensory Approach to Language Learning) coordinated by Laurea, different approaches to learning the language needed in working life are tested, researched and developed in a new living lab. The project has been designed in response to the need to promote the rapid employment of immigrants, especially in sectors with a labour shortage. The underlying idea of the project is that effective learning of the Finnish language through multisensory or new technology motivates the acquisition of service work and tasks as well as professional vocabulary and thereby supports a long-term commitment to the employer. | https://www.laur<br>ea.fi/en/projects/<br>m/moniaistinen-<br>kosketus-uuteen-<br>kieleen/   |
| 3  | Laurea UAS    | SMILE          | Council of Europe<br>Development Bank | 2023-2025            |                         | SMILE - Strengthening Migrant Family Integration through New Dialogue Methods with Communities, Schools, and Services in Vantaa Neighbourhoods. The Project's main objective is to strengthen migrant family integration through service development and new dialogue methods with communities, schools and services in Vantaa neighbourhoods. This will be achieved through introducing a family and community level approach into the integration discourse. The project will pilot different community-based methods in strengthening the integration and employment of migrants.   | https://www.laur<br>ea.fi/en/projects/s<br>/strengthening-<br>migrant-family-<br>integration-<br>through-new-<br>dialogue-<br>methods-with-<br>communities-<br>schools-and-<br>services-in-<br>vantaa-<br>neighbourhoods/ |



| No | Author (year)                            | Title, Acronym                       | Programme      | Period of project | Implementation<br>level | Main objective  | Link  |
|----|--|--------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------------|---|---|
| 4  | City of Vantaa                           | Get Work Vantaa                      | ESR+ 2021-2027 | 2023-2025         |                         | Get Work Vantaa project aims to encourage SMEs to hire immigrants who can speak English. As the result of the project, a Work first operating model is created. The basic idea of the model is to support both the worker and the employer to find and shape work opportunities with a sufficiently low threshold. A mentor model is created in companies and tutoring activities to support competence development. Get Work Vantaa project has two goals: 1. Help English-speaking immigrants find work & 2. Support businesses to hire immigrants who speak English. The City of Vantaa implements the project together with Laurea and Metropolia Universities of Applied Sciences. | https://www.vant<br>aa.fi/en/projects/<br>project/get-work-<br>vantaa                 |
| 5  | Laurea UAS<br>and Kivenkolo<br>Community | Enabling active life at<br>Kivenkolo | ESR+ 2021-2027 | 2023-2025         | /                       | The main goal of the "Enabling active life at Kivenkolo" project is to support the inclusion and agency in their own life of marginalized groups in Espoo, especially people with an immigrant background, mental health and substance use rehabilitees, long term unemployed and people outside of working life and with no income. Depending on the situation, the goal may be education or working life, but also a better life and taking part in the community, outside of working life.   | https://www.laur<br>ea.fi/en/projects/k<br>/kivenkolosta-<br>aktiiviseen-<br>elamaan/ |



#### THE LATEST RESEARCH IN FINLAND

| No | Author (year)             | Title, Acronym   | Programme  | Period of project        | Implementation<br>level | Main objective   | Link  |
|----|---------------------------|--|--|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|---|
| 1  | City of Vantaa,<br>Laurea | SMILE - Strengthening Migrant Family Integration through New Dialogue Methods with Communities, Schools, and Services in Vantaa Neighbourhoods | Council of Europe<br>Development Bank  | 3/9/2023 -<br>12/15/2024 | National                | The Project's main objective is to strengthen migrant family integration through service development and new dialogue methods with communities, schools and services in Vantaa neighbourhoods. This will be achieved through introducing a family and community level approach into the integration discourse. In the project, a partnership expert role is being tested, where the employee is deployed to a specific area and acts as a developer of networks and collaboration among various regional stakeholders with a particular focus on strengthening connections between schools and families. | https://www.laur ea.fi/en/projects/s /strengthening- migrant-family- integration- through-new- dialogue- methods-with- communities- schools-and- services-in- vantaa- neighbourhoods/ |
| 2  | City of Vantaa            | Neuvova Vantaa   | Ministry of<br>Economic Affairs<br>and Employment of<br>Finland; City of<br>Vantaa | 10.2020-<br>08.2024      | National                | The Neuvova Vantaa development project aims to support accessibility of foreign-language counselling and flexibility of guidance in Vantaa by developing and establishing low-threshold multilingual counselling, as well as by establishing cooperation and partnerships between the different actors. The project is financed by the Ministry of Economic Affairs and Employment of Finland (MEAE) and the City of Vantaa.   | https://www.va<br>ntaa.fi/en/projec<br>ts/project/neuv<br>ova-vantaa  |



| No | Author (year)        | Title, Acronym  | Programme | Period of project         | Implementation<br>level | Main objective  | Link   |
|----|----------------------|---|-----------|---------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| 3  | Finnish Red<br>Cross | Yhteisölähtöinen<br>kotoutuminen<br>(community-<br>sponsored<br>integration)                          | AMIF      | 01.01.2023–<br>31.12.2025 | National                | The project tests community mentoring activities in various municipalities hosting quota refugees. Social relationships and networks are of paramount importance in the early stages of integration. The project provides training for both newcomers and mentors in activities aimed at promoting integration together. Community sponsor groups will be established in the roughly 15 municipalities receiving quota refugees involved in the project. These groups will offer versatile support for immigrant integration.   | https://www.redc<br>ross.fi/our-<br>work/help-for-<br>immigrants/comm<br>unity-sponsored-<br>integration/              |
| 4  | Nicehearts           | From Stay-at-Home Parenting to Education and Employment (Kotiäitiydestä kohti opiskelua ja työelämää) | ESR       | 2019-2021                 | National                | The goal of the project was to promote the social inclusion of immigrants in Finland, especially stayat-home mothers or women who have been out of the workforce for an extended period, by supporting their transition from home to education and employment. The project developed a comprehensive career and service guidance model, named the EmpowerHer model (ItseNaiset-toimintamalli). The model consists of peer-supported group activities aimed at preparing for education and employment, teaching Finnish language and digital skills, as well as providing personalized guidance and counselling. | https://www.nice<br>hearts.com/wp-<br>content/uploads/<br>2021/02/Nicehear<br>ts_ltseNaiset_2021<br>_loppujulkaisu.pdf |
| 5  | EJY ry               | Safe Family project<br>(Turvaperhe)   | STEA      | 2017-2020                 | National                | In the Turvaperhe project by EJY ry, a professionally guided, volunteer-based godparenting model was developed. It involved recruiting and training volunteers to act as godparents for unaccompanied minor asylum seeker children and youths.  | https://innokyla.fi/<br>sites/default/files/<br>2021-<br>01/Ejy_Turvaperh<br>e_digitaalinen_siv<br>ut.pdf              |



#### GOOD AND SUSTAINABLE PRACTICES IN FINLAND

| Title                                    | Aims   | Period        | Activities   | Results   | Link  |
|--|--|---------------|--|---|---|
| Multilingual<br>advisors at<br>schools   |  | 2020-         | Multilingual advisors have been part of the staff in several schools in Vantaa since 2020. They speak Finnish as well as Albanian, Arabic, Russian, Estonian, or Somali. These advisors support students who speak other languages and facilitate collaboration between home and school, acting as cultural interpreters between them. |   | https://www.vantaa.fi/fi/ajankohtaista/artikkeli/olemme-<br>kuin-silta-kodin-ja-koulun-valilla-monikieliset-ohjaajat-<br>tukevat-oppilasta-ja-tulkkaavat-kulttuurieroja |
| MEK-<br>Community<br>Developers          | The aim is to reduce disparities in wellbeing between residents and regions.   | 2023-<br>2025 | The City of Vantaa has established the Regional Programme of Positive Action (MEK) to promote the wellbeing of people living in Vantaa. MEK comes from the Finnish words: myönteinen erityiskohtelu (positive special treatment).  | Community developers establish connections with locals and have a presence in the areas, provide and pass on information, bring people and groups together, and support local communities and community spirit. | https://www.vantaa.fi/en/mek-community-developers   |
| Tsempparit<br>-<br>employment<br>coaches | Since 2015, the city of<br>Vantaa has been<br>developing a special<br>Partnership Model<br>with four migrant-led<br>organisations. | 2015-         | This model brings together authorities from the municipality and employment office as well a coach from the NGO in offering services to unemployed migrants. The service brings together cultural and social know-how from the NGO and the official tools and service paths offered by the   | The model has achieved national and European level recognition for its innovative approach. The model has shown how powerful this kind of a community-centred approach can be.                                  | https://www.vantaa.fi/fi/ajankohtaista/uutinen/tsemppari-<br>tyoelamavalmennus-kaynnistyy-viiden-palvelutuottajan-<br>voimin  |



| Title                            | Aims   | Period  | Activities  | Results   | Link   |
|----------------------------------|--|---------|---|---|--|
|                                  |  |         | authorities. This has proven to<br>be not only an effective tool for<br>employment paths but also a<br>strong way to build<br>partnership and trust between<br>the stakeholders of the model<br>and surrounding community.  |   |  |
| PALOMA<br>Centre of<br>Expertise | The PALOMA Centre of Expertise promotes the mental well-being of people with refugee backgrounds and those who have moved to Finland from similar circumstances. | 2019-   | The PALOMA Centre of Expertise consists of partners in both public health care sector and in NGOs, and it is coordinated by the Finnish Institute for Health and Welfare (THL). The content of the work done by the experts and organizations depends on their own main tasks. PALOMA provides support, information, and training; provides knowledge based on research; does customer work and provides consultation for other experts; takes part in developing services; does advocacy work. | The PALOMA Centre of Expertise has been built and developed through three different projects, which all have been funded by Asylum, Migration, and Integration Fund (AMIF). Currently, the Centre of Expertise functions without a dedicated project funding. | https://thl.fi/en/topics/migration-and-cultural-diversity/contact/paloma-center-of-expertise-in-refugee-mental-health-work   |
| Mentor<br>family<br>activity     | In the mentor family volunteer program young people who come to Finland as unaccompanied minors can experience Finnish family life and learn Finnish language.   | Ongoing | Having safe and trustworthy adults in the young person's life improves their wellbeing and supports integration.  | Similar activity is organized by different NGOs and projects, for example Deaconess.  | Foundation: https://www.hdl.fi/en/mentor-family/ and Turvaperhe project in Espoo (2017-2020; EJY ry; STEA): https://innokyla.fi/fi/toimintamalli/ejy-ryn-turvaperhe-hankkeen-kehittama-kummiperhetoiminta-yksin-maahan-tulleille |



# LAUREA STUDENT CONTRIBUTION ON CREATIVE METHODS SUPPORTING MIGRANT INTEGRATION

Laurea Bachelor and Master students of Social Services and Correctional Services have written Jes-topics related blogs and research articles as part of their studies both in Finnish and in English. These articles and blogs will be added to the JeS website and will additionally be modified for the WP4 purposes to meet the needs of varied educational materials.

| Title  | Writer                   | Country | Туре                     | Results  | Link                           |
|--|--------------------------|---------|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------|
| Street gang<br>phenomenon in<br>Finland. How to<br>avoid the 'Swedish<br>road'?  | Valtonen, L., 2024       | Finland | JeS Article              | Street gangs and gang formation have been a topic of discussion in the Nordic countries for a long time, even though research on the subject is still developing. The phenomenon of street gangs and related problems has come to light. Especially in Sweden, awareness of the seriousness of this phenomenon has increased, as violent crimes committed by gangs have risen significantly.   | https://jointstories           |
| Inkluusio ja<br>digitalisaatio<br>suomalaisessa<br>yhteiskunnassa<br>maahanmuuttajien<br>näkökulmasta<br>(Inclusion and<br>digitalisation in<br>Finnish society<br>from the<br>perspective of<br>immigrants) | Meriläi-nen, M.,<br>2024 | Finland | JeS Article (in Finnish) | In this article, I discuss the inclusion of immigrants from the perspective of digitalisation. In this article, I will first highlight the importance of digitalisation and inclusion and the challenges faced by immigrants and those who have come from other cultures to Finnish society encounter in general. Here are a few positive examples of successful inclusion projects that: suitable for the context of digital society. | https://jointstories<br>eu/fi/ |



| Title  | Writer                      | Country | Туре                     | Results   | Link                        |
|--|-----------------------------|---------|--------------------------|---|-----------------------------|
| Korkeakoulujen kasvavat diversiteetti- vaatimukset johtavat opiskelijoiden itsesensuuriin ja estävät integraatiokeskeist ä maahanmuutto- politiikkaa. (Growing demands for diversity in higher education lead to student self- censorship and hinder integration- oriented immigration policies) | Immonen, H., 2024           | Finland | JeS Article (in Finnish) | Immigration is one of the most talked-about, stirring and polarizing issues in recent decades in the United States and Europe. It divides the nation like a river in the desert, builds narratives, creates friends and foes. The debate around this sensitive topic has influenced the democratic balance of power between nations through elections. The topic has become a top theme in this summer's European Parliament elections. | https://jointstories.eu/fi/ |
| Successful<br>Integration Process  | Blog by Andrei, K.,<br>2024 | Finland | JeS Blog                 | Integration, particularly within the setting of human rights, is a complex yet crucial topic. It includes not only the physical movement of individuals, but social and financial digestion into a modern society as well. Successful integration is a basis to the well-being and improvement of both people and communities.  | https://jointstories.eu/    |



| Title  | Writer                         | Country | Туре     | Results   | Link                         |
|--|--------------------------------|---------|----------|---|------------------------------|
| Patriotism or<br>Prejudice?  | Blog by Venla, N.,<br>2024     | Finland | JeS Blog | In the Finnish culture, Finland's independency is understandably a topic that evokes a range of emotions from pride to a fear of losing it. There is also a dominant vision of a typical Finn that represents the Finnish mentality and acts as an advocate for the right of having the freedom of being, speech and opinion. Pride is a feeling I recognize as my own when the subject of a won war and gained freedom for our beloved country is brought to table. But when the conversation seems to inevitably turn to the Finnish people and who they are, I feel anything but proud. Especially after the refugee crisis in 2015 and the failed integration process in Sweden, racism in Finland has skyrocketed. | https://jointstories.<br>eu/ |
| Successful Integration Process: What Significance Do the Functions of Media Have in Relation to the Portrayal of Migration and Flight? | Blog by Bernadett,<br>S., 2024 | Germany | JeS Blog | Migration and refugees are topics with enormous global significance. Although the causes are diverse, such as economic reasons, wars, environ—mental problems, etc., there is a common desire for a better life. As more and more people flee and migrate, it becomes more important to find a responsible way to dealing with migration. Media plays an important role here. It fulfils valuable social functions in socialization which decisively shapes the norms and values of a society.  | https://jointstories.<br>eu/ |



| Title   | Writer                     | Country     | Туре        | Results  | Link                         |
|---|----------------------------|-------------|-------------|--|------------------------------|
| Successful<br>Migration Process   | Blog by Lucas, S.,<br>2024 | Netherlands | JeS Blog    | Migration is and has been a controversial topic of political discussion in the Netherlands these past years. With a population of nearly 18 million people (17,93) as per 30 October 2023 according to the central bureau of statistics (Centraal Bureau voor de Statistiek, 2023), the population density per square kilo-metre reaches an astonishing number of 529 people per square kilometre (Vzinfo.nl & CBS-StatLine, 2023), with some urban areas having more than 2000 inhabitants per square kilo-metre.   | https://jointstories.<br>eu/ |
| Integration Process<br>in the Netherlands<br>and Finland                        | Blog by Roos, W.,<br>2024  | Netherlands | JeS Blog    | In the Netherlands, a migrant must complete the civic integration process if they are planning on staying for a longer period of time. Newcomers have three years to complete the civic integration process after their arrival in the Netherlands. The civic integration related course can be done in a classroom setting or independently. There is a new law since 2021 where newcomers have more freedom to choose their learning route. In case a migrant is coming to the Netherlands to live with a family member, the integration process begins while he/she is still outside the Netherlands (Ministerie van Algemene Zaken, 2022). | https://jointstories.<br>eu/ |
| Street gang<br>phenomenon in<br>Finland. How to<br>avoid the 'Swedish<br>road'? | Valtonen, L., 2024         | Finland     | JeS Article | Street gangs and gang formation have been a topic of discussion in the Nordic countries for a long time, even though research on the subject is still developing. The phenomenon of street gangs and related problems has come to light. Especially in Sweden, awareness of the seriousness of this phenomenon has increased, as violent crimes committed by gangs have risen significantly.   | https://jointstories.<br>eu/ |



# Haly

### THE LATEST RESEARCH IN ITALY

| Title   | Author<br>(year)                    | Study purpose   | Study type              | Data collection   | Participants and sampling   | Main findings  | Link   |
|---|-------------------------------------|---|-------------------------|---|---|--|--|
| Drivers of<br>cultural<br>participati<br>on of<br>immigran<br>ts:<br>evidence<br>from an<br>Italian<br>survey | Bertacc<br>hini et<br>al.<br>(2022) | Explore the drivers of immigrants' participation to cultural and leisure activities in host countries | Quantitative<br>methods | Data comes<br>from a unique<br>survey on<br>Income and<br>Living<br>Conditions<br>conducted by<br>the Italian<br>National<br>Institute of<br>Statistics<br>(ISTAT) in 2011–<br>2012 | Legally resident individuals born abroad and with non-Italian citizenship | Cultural participation is significantly and primary driven by the process of acculturation which take place during the staying in the host country | https://w<br>ww.proq<br>uest.com<br>/docview<br>/2631380<br>759/fullte<br>xtPDF?pa<br>rentSessi<br>onId=oRh<br>OlthfhFilk<br>wG01Gq<br>N5OGMo<br>3EnSJMZ<br>vIPeFbxD<br>%2BhM%<br>3D&pq-<br>origsite=primo&acc<br>ountid=13<br>739&sour<br>cetype=S<br>cholarly%<br>20Journal<br>s |



| Title   | Author<br>(year)                    | Study purpose  | Study type             | Data collection                                  | Participants and sampling | Main findings  | Link   |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|------------------------|--|---------------------------|--|--|
| Housing as a starting point for migrants' integratio n: opportuni ties and obstacles in Emilia-Romagna region | Ilardo<br>and<br>Salinaro<br>(2022) | Identify opportunities and obstacles that arise for refugees and holders of international protection once they leave the reception and integration services. | Qualitative<br>methods | Purposive<br>sampling<br>strategy;<br>interviews | MERGING project           | The lack of responses from the public market and the discrimination suffered by migrants in the process of searching for a house in the private market leads to an answer towards temporary solutions. Through the mediation of the third sector and informal networks, the solutions offered are characterised as an extension of the temporary nature of the reception system (i.e., CAS and SAI services).  A greater effort would therefore be desirable during the stay in the services dedicated to the reception and integration of migrants. | https://e<br>ducazior<br>e-<br>intercult<br>rale.unib<br>.it/article<br>view/149<br>75 |



| Title  | Author<br>(year)                           | Study purpose   | Study type             | Data collection                          | Participants and sampling   | Main findings   | Link  |
|--|--|---|------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| Immigran t integratio n policyma king in Italy: regional policies in a multi- level governan ce perspecti ve                                 | Campo<br>mori<br>and<br>Caponi<br>o (2017) | Shed new light on the multi-level governance relations that shape immigrant integration policies  | Qualitative<br>methods | Compared<br>analysis                     | Integration policies and governance processes in three regions: Lombardy, Piedmont and Emilia-Romagna | Contextual and organisational factors are crucial to multi-level governance. That is social policy traditions, the regions' internal organisation on the immigrant integration issue and the individual civil servants' attitudes.  | https://jo<br>urnals.sag<br>epub.co<br>m/doi/ful<br>l/10.1177/<br>OO20852<br>315611238  |
| Migration<br>at the<br>crossroad<br>s. The<br>inclusion<br>of asylum<br>seekers<br>and<br>refugees<br>in the<br>labour<br>market in<br>Italy | De<br>Sario<br>(n.d.)                      | To examine the most recent migration of asylum seekers and refugees that reached Europe and Italy in the last five years focusing on their labour market integration. | Qualitative<br>methods | Data analysis<br>from ISTAT<br>databases | National statistics<br>database   | Integration processes are not adequately supported by immigration policies and services. The system of integration has proven to be inadequate to address emerging issues including the integration of second-generation immigrants, poverty within the immigrant population and the segmentation of the labour market. | https://sc<br>holar.goo<br>gleuserco<br>ntent.co<br>m/schola<br>r?q=cach<br>e:l7fplh0<br>W 44 :sc<br>holar.goo<br>gle.com/<br>+program<br>s+for+mig<br>rants+inte<br>gration+it<br>aly&hl=it<br>&as_sdt=<br>0.5 |



| Title   | Author<br>(year)                         | Study purpose   | Study type             | Data collection   | Participants and sampling  | Main findings  | Link   |
|---|--|---|------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| The<br>Linguistic<br>Integratio<br>n of<br>Refugees<br>in Italy   | Bianco<br>and<br>Ortiz<br>Cobo<br>(2019) | To study the linguistic integration of adult refugees in Italy  | Qualitative<br>methods | Ethnography<br>through<br>participant<br>observation and<br>semi-structured<br>interviews   | Italian language<br>teachers and refugee<br>students. Observation<br>was carried in five<br>Italian language classes<br>at three different<br>centres attended by<br>adult refugee students. | The results of this work show both the teachers' perceptions of the refugees' linguistic integration and the refugees' perceptions of linguistic integration practice. The conclusions highlight the need for more hours of Italian language courses as well as lessons based on specific integration needs. Moreover, this study emphasises that the integration practice itself implies language learning. | https://w<br>ww.mdpi<br>.com/207<br>6-<br>0760/8/1<br>0/284  |
| Drivers of<br>cultural<br>participati<br>on of<br>immigran<br>ts:<br>evidence<br>from an<br>Italian<br>survey | Bertacc<br>hini et<br>al.<br>(2022)      | Explore the drivers of immigrants' participation to cultural and leisure activities in host countries | Quantitative methods   | Data comes<br>from a unique<br>survey on<br>Income and<br>Living<br>Conditions<br>conducted by<br>the Italian<br>National<br>Institute of<br>Statistics<br>(ISTAT) in 2011–<br>2012 | Legally resident individuals born abroad and with non-Italian citizenship  | Cultural participation is significantly and primary driven by the process of acculturation which take place during the staying in the host country   | https://w<br>ww.proq<br>uest.com<br>/docview<br>/2631380<br>759/fullte<br>xtPDF?pa<br>rentSessi<br>onId=oRh<br>OlthfhFilb<br>wG01Gq<br>N5OGMo<br>3EnSIMZ<br>vIPeFbxD<br>%2BhM%<br>3D&pq-<br>origsite=p<br>rimo&acc<br>ountid=13<br>739&sour<br>cetype=S<br>cholarly%<br>2Olournal<br>s |



### THE LATEST PROJECTS IN ITALY

| 0 | Author (year)       | Title, Acronym                       | Programme        | Period of project | Implementation<br>level | Main objective   | Link                                |
|---|---------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
|   |                     | RAISD-Reshaping                      |                  | 2021-2022         | European,               |  | https://raisd-h2020.eu/the-project/ |
|   | UCM-                | Attention and Inclusion              | DG Ricerca e     |                   | national and<br>local   | The migration research project addresses the need for effective                          |                                     |
|   | Universidad         | Strategies for                       | innovazione,     |                   | iocai                   |  |                                     |
|   | Complutense de      | Distinctively                        | H2020-SC6-       |                   |                         | strategies for the attention and   |                                     |
|   | Madrid (Spain)      | vulnerable people among the forcibly | MIGRATION-       |                   |                         | inclusion of distinctively Vulnerable  |                                     |
|   | CECIE (II-1)        | displaced                            | 2018: Addressing |                   |                         | Groups (VGs) among Forcibly  |                                     |
|   | CESIE (Italy)       |                                      | the challenge of |                   |                         | Displaced People (FDP).  |                                     |
|   | UNIMED-Unione       |                                      | forced           |                   |                         | Its overall objective is to identify these groups, their specific                        |                                     |
|   | delle Università    |                                      | displacement     |                   |                         | these groups, their specific challenges and needs, to be able to                         |                                     |
|   | del Mediterraneo    |                                      |                  |                   |                         | discover and provide Tailored<br>Attention and Inclusion Strategies<br>(TAISs) for them. |                                     |
|   | (Italy)             |                                      |                  |                   |                         |  |                                     |
|   | (Italy)             |                                      |                  |                   |                         |  |                                     |
|   | Helsingin           |                                      |                  |                   |                         |  |                                     |
|   | Yliopisto (Finland) |                                      |                  |                   |                         |  |                                     |
|   |                     |                                      |                  |                   |                         |  |                                     |
|   | Menedek-            |                                      |                  |                   |                         |  |                                     |
|   | Migransokat         |                                      |                  |                   |                         |  |                                     |
|   | Segito Egyesulet    |                                      |                  |                   |                         |  |                                     |
|   | (Hungary)           |                                      |                  |                   |                         |  |                                     |
|   | Anadolu             |                                      |                  |                   |                         |  |                                     |
|   | University          |                                      |                  |                   |                         |  |                                     |
|   | (Turkey)            |                                      |                  |                   |                         |  |                                     |



| No | Author (year)   | Title, Acronym                                | Programme                | Period of project | Implementation<br>level            | Main objective   | Link                                 |
|----|---|---|--------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|
|    | Yarmouk<br>University<br>(Jordan)   |   |                          |                   |                                    |  |                                      |
|    | Lebanese<br>International<br>University<br>(Lebanon)  |   |                          |                   |                                    |  |                                      |
| 2  | Intercultural dialogue platform (Belgium)  Libera università Maria SS.Assunta of Rome (Italy)  Asociaciòn Arco Forum (Spain)  Centro Studi e iniziative Europeo (Italy) | Inclusive Europe:<br>Build bonds not<br>walls | AMIF-2019-AG-<br>Call 02 | 2020-2022         | European,<br>national and<br>local | Aims to facilitate the process of inclusion of migrants through tjùhe involvement of local communities and the promotion of mutual understanding. The project is based on three pillars: social interaction between inter-ethnic communities; Intercultural/interreligious activities; socio-economic initiatives. | https://lumsa.it/it/Inclusive-europe |
|    | Fédération des<br>associations<br>active de<br>Belgique<br>(Belgium)  |   |                          |                   |                                    |  |                                      |



| No | Author (year)                                 | Title, Acronym   | Programme   | Period of project | Implementation<br>level   | Main objective   | Link                                |
|----|---|------------------|-------------|-------------------|---------------------------|--|-------------------------------------|
|    | Kentro  |                  |             |                   |                           |  |                                     |
|    | Koinovikes                                    |                  |             |                   |                           |  |                                     |
|    | Drases kai                                    |                  |             |                   |                           |  |                                     |
|    | Kaivotomias                                   |                  |             |                   |                           |  |                                     |
|    | (Greece)                                      |                  |             |                   |                           |  |                                     |
|    | Platform INS                                  |                  |             |                   |                           |  |                                     |
|    | (Netherlands)                                 |                  |             |                   |                           |  |                                     |
|    | Szubjektìv Ertékek<br>Alapìtvàny<br>(Hungary) |                  |             |                   |                           |  |                                     |
| 3  |   |                  | NEVER ALONE | 08/04/2019        | Local level -             |  | https://cesie.org/en/project/saama/ |
|    | Coordinator:                                  | SAAMA -          |             | -<br>08/04/2022   | Palermo,<br>Agrigento and | To create an effective and   |                                     |
|    | SEND  | Accompanying     |             |                   | Marsala                   | sustainable model for  |                                     |
|    | Associazione                                  | Strategies to    |             |                   |                           | unaccompanied minors in order to   |                                     |
|    | Libera Palermo                                | Autonomy for     |             |                   |                           | facilitate their pathway to autonomy.  |                                     |
|    | Archè ONLUS                                   | Children in Care |             |                   |                           | To valorise the employability of unaccompanied minors in the Palermo, Agrigento and Marsala districts proposing through the use of |                                     |
|    | NOTTEDORO                                     |                  |             |                   |                           | districts proposing through the use of actions in the field of personal and community empowerment                                  |                                     |
|    | MOLTIVOLTI                                    |                  |             |                   |                           |  |                                     |
|    | CESIE   |                  |             |                   |                           |  |                                     |
|    | C.P.I.A PALERMO<br>2                          |                  |             |                   |                           |  |                                     |



| No | Author (year)  | Title, Acronym                    | Programme   | Period of project          | Implementation<br>level | Main objective   | Link                               |
|----|--|-----------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|--|------------------------------------|
|    | C.P.I.A. Agrigento   |                                   |             |                            |                         |  |                                    |
|    | SOC. COOP. SOC.<br>LIBERAMENTE   |                                   |             |                            |                         |  |                                    |
|    | CIAI – Centro<br>Italiano Aiuti<br>all'Infanzia<br>ONLUS                             |                                   |             |                            |                         |  |                                    |
|    | ASSF Assistenti<br>Sociali Senza<br>Frontiere – Onlus                                |                                   |             |                            |                         |  |                                    |
|    | Comune di<br>Palermo – Ufficio<br>del Garante per<br>l'infanzia e<br>l'adolescenza   |                                   |             |                            |                         |  |                                    |
|    | Assessorato alle<br>politiche sociali<br>del Comune di<br>Marsala                    |                                   |             |                            |                         |  |                                    |
| 4  | CIAI – Centro<br>Italiano Aiuti<br>all'Infanzia Onlus<br>(Coordinatore)<br>Comune di | Ragazzi Harraga<br>(Harraga Boys) | NEVER ALONE | 13/03/2017 –<br>13/09/2019 | Region of Sicily        | To improve the reception system of unaccompanied minors by promoting models ensuring the protection of children's rights in Italy; | https://cesie.org/project/harraga/ |



| No | Author (year)                                | Title, Acronym | Programme    | Period of project | Implementation<br>level     | Main objective  | Link                         |
|----|--|----------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------------------|---|------------------------------|
|    | Palermo-                                     |                |              |                   |                             | To promote models supporting social                                     |                              |
|    | Assessorato alla                             |                |              |                   |                             | inclusion which take into account the potential, the interests and the  |                              |
|    | Cittadinanza                                 |                |              |                   |                             | expectations of unaccompanied   |                              |
|    | Sociale                                      |                |              |                   |                             | minors, so as to facilitate an autonomous and responsible               |                              |
|    | Associazione                                 |                |              |                   |                             | passage to adulthood by involving                                       |                              |
|    | Santa Chiara                                 |                |              |                   |                             | the Region of Sicily  |                              |
|    | Cooperativa                                  |                |              |                   |                             |   |                              |
|    | Liberamente                                  |                |              |                   |                             |   |                              |
|    | CPIA Palermo 1                               |                |              |                   |                             |   |                              |
|    | Libera Palermo<br>Nottedoro<br>SEND<br>CESIE |                |              |                   |                             |   |                              |
|    |  | MERGING        | Horizon 2020 | 2021 - 2023       | European,                   | To measure the long-term effects of                                     | https://www.merging-housing- |
|    | Université Jean                              |                |              |                   | regional and<br>local level | participatory initiatives linked to housing and demonstrate the factors | project.eu/                  |
|    | Moulin Lyon 3                                |                |              |                   | local level                 | which favour or block pathways for                                      |                              |
|    | (UJML) - France                              |                |              |                   |                             | migrant integration. The goal is to propose recommendations to public   |                              |
|    | Université de                                |                |              |                   |                             | actors on a local, national and   |                              |
|    | Rennes (UR) -                                |                |              |                   |                             | European level for migrant  |                              |
|    | France                                       |                |              |                   |                             | integration, based on factual data.                                     |                              |
|    | Università di                                |                |              |                   |                             |   |                              |
|    | Bologna (UBO) -                              |                |              |                   |                             |   |                              |
|    | Italy  |                |              |                   |                             |   |                              |
|    | Universitat de                               |                |              |                   |                             |   |                              |
|    | Valencia (UVEG)                              |                |              |                   |                             |   |                              |
|    | - Spain                                      |                |              |                   |                             |   |                              |



| No | Author (year)                                  | Title, Acronym | Programme | Period of<br>project | Implementation<br>level | Main objective | Link |  |
|----|--|----------------|-----------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------------|------|--|
|    | University of<br>Gothenburg<br>(UGOT) - Sweden |                |           |                      |                         |                |      |  |
|    | Malmo University<br>(MU) Sweden                |                |           |                      |                         |                |      |  |

### GOOD AND SUSTAINABLE PRACTICES IN ITALY

| Title                | Aims  | Period                                   | Activities  | Results  | Link   |
|----------------------|---|--|---|--|--|
| All you can<br>learn | "ALL you can LEARN" is a tool/methodology developed by CESIE in the frame of the H2O2O RAISD project that proposes a bottom-up and participatory approach in education, shifting from INDUCED approach training offer to a SELECTIVE one, allowing adult learners to increase their decision-making capacity by having direct influence over their learning path's content and modalities according to a set of individual variables. | Pilot test<br>summer<br>2021<br>6 months | orientation sessions (understanding learning objectives to be achieved); actual face-to-face training sessions, based on twenty learning objectives selected by each participant; | Increased participation and satisfaction in learning; Enhanced individual decision-making capacity and critical attitude Developed ability and self-confidence when creating their action plan | https://cesie.org/en/higher-education-and-research/allyoucanlearn-training-experience/ |
|                      |   |  | local study visits as an opportunity for debate, exchange and mutual learning and final evaluation and capitalization sessions.   | Decreased initial resistance and attendance reluctance to join a learning experience   |  |



| Title   | Aims  | Period              | Activities   | Results  | Link  |
|---|---|---------------------|--|--|---|
| Arte<br>Migrante<br>(Migrant<br>Art)  | Foster integration and inclusion through arts   | 2012 -<br>ongoing   | Weekly open gatherings<br>aimed at producing<br>artistic creations   | Born in Bologna, it has<br>expanded to numerous<br>Italian cities and also<br>beyond the peninsula   | https://www.artemigrante.eu/                          |
| Refugees<br>Welcome<br>Italy  | To promote the social inclusion of refugees and migrants through a range of activities involving the direct engagement of citizens  | 2015 -<br>ongoing   | Homestay, mentoring, solidarity cohabitation   | Territorial networks in<br>29 cities, 12 regions<br>involved, 900 relations<br>activated, 330 activists  | https://refugees-welcome.it/                          |
| Cartella<br>sociale –<br>Ragazzi<br>Harraga<br>(Social file –<br>Harraga<br>Boys) | Strengthen the reception system for unaccompanied migrant minors, enhancing their resources and consolidating operational models to protect the rights of children and young people on Italian territory. | Since 2017          | Activation of citizenship paths aimed at the socio-cultural integration of unaccompanied foreign minors in the city of Palermo (intercultural, active citizenship, theatre and audiovisual production workshops) | Centralisation of information on unaccompanied minors. Creation of a social file, a platform within the portal of the municipality, containing data on the pathway of each individual minor. | https://cesie.org/project/harraga/                    |
| - NO<br>CAP   | - Fight caporalato and the exploitation of migrant workers in agriculture   | - 2011 -<br>ongoing | - Creation of short<br>supply chains and<br>community shops  | - Creation of a label attesting that products are not part of the mainstream exploitative system   | https://www.associazionenocap.it/lassociazione-nocap/ |



### INFORMATION ON OTHER IMPORTANT ASPECTS OF THE SELECTED TOPIC

| Title   | Programme  | Туре  | Aims  | Period            | Implementation<br>level        | Results  |
|---|--|---|---|-------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Rete SAI – Sistema Accoglienza Integrazione (SAI Network – Reception and Integration Network) | Ministry of<br>the Interior  | Network of SAI reception centres for migrants | The promotion and development of local networks, with the involvement of all actors and stakeholders privileged for the success of reception, protection, integration measures. | 1988 -<br>ongoing | National level                 | 887 projects, 2000 municipalities involved   |
| CIR -<br>Consiglio<br>Italiano per i<br>Rifugiati<br>(Italian<br>Council for<br>Refugees)     | Independent<br>humanitarian<br>organisation<br>established<br>in Italy at the<br>initiative of<br>the UN | Project<br>management<br>and advocacy         | Facilitating access to protection, reception, integration, enjoyment of rights, social and psychological support, and voluntary return  | 1990 -<br>ongoing | National and<br>European level | Presence in 6 Italian regions with local branches from which outreach activities and projects with regional impact are developed |



| Title   | Programme   | Туре  | Aims  | Period            | Implementation<br>level | Results   |
|---|---|---|---|-------------------|-------------------------|---|
| Futurae. Programma Imprese Migranti (Futurae. Migrant Enterprise Programme) | Ministry of<br>Labour                                   | Social inclusion - helping migrants to open their own entrepreneurial activity                              | Promote migrant<br>entrepreneurship,<br>strengthen relations<br>with the chamber<br>system and broaden<br>awareness of it   | 2018 -<br>ongoing | National level          | Over 1600 migrants participated in orientation activities, over 600 attended training courses and over 400 were accompanied in the development of business plans. A total of 66 enterprises were activated. |
| Roma<br>multietnica<br>(Multi-ethnic<br>Rome)                               | Intercultural<br>Service of<br>the Libraries<br>of Rome | Website to get to know and communicate with the different cultures that coexist in our country and our city | The website offers a showcase of multicultural and intercultural events in Rome, guidance on books and bibliographical paths on world literatures, and an offer of significant links on interculture, immigration and new migrant areas of the world. | 2005 -<br>ongoing | Local level             | Creation and enrichment of book sections in the main languages spoken by the major foreign communities living in the Roman territory; organisation o language courses                                       |



| Title    | Programme          | Туре   | Aims   | Period            | Implementation<br>level | Results  |
|----------|--------------------|--|--|-------------------|-------------------------|--|
| CITTALIA | Fondazione<br>Anci | The training<br>and service<br>organisation of<br>the National<br>Association of<br>Italian<br>Municipalities<br>(ANCI), | Promote and disseminate the culture of welcome, integration and citizenship, helping to strengthen the role of cities in implementing social inclusion/integration policies. | 1993 -<br>ongoing | National level          | Training and capacity building; project implementation; research and policy development; advocacy and representation |



## Slovenia

#### THE LATEST RESEARCH IN SLOVENIA

| No | Author<br>(year)          | Study purpose   | Study type                           | Data collection  | Participants and sampling   | Main findings   | Link   |
|----|---------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|---|---|--|
| 1  | Bajt and<br>Frelih (2022) | To explore migrant integration from a gender perspective, focusing on language acquisition and institutional dimensions. It also discusses the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic on female migrants' integration processes in Slovenia. | Qualitative and quantitative methods | In-depth individual interviews, questionnaires, focus groups | Migrant women (n=39), experts, working in with migrants. There is no data about sampling. | Themes that emerged were related to factors influencing migration decisions, expectations, experiences of discrimination, barriers to integration, policy mechanisms, strategies, and migration as a means of empowerment and personal achievement. Authors concluded success in integration depends on both the migrants' narratives and the host society's perspective on language acquisition. | https://www.researchgate.net/pblication/365960269 Empowerrent_through_Migration_Narrativs_of_Successful_Migrationt_Womens_Integratin_in_Slovenia |



| No | Author<br>(year) | Study purpose   | Study type          | Data collection  | Participants and sampling  | Main findings  | Link   |
|----|------------------|---|---------------------|--|--|--|--|
| 2  | Gornik<br>(2022) | To explore how asylum policies affect unaccompanied minor asylum seekers in Slovenia. The article uses a child-centred approach and procedural justice perspective to examine the procedural safeguards and rights of this vulnerable group of migrants. The article also highlights the struggles that these children face and how current policies can be improved to better protect their rights and well-being. | Qualitative methods | Non-structured group or individual interviews and participant observations | Unaccompanied minor migrants in a reception centre for vulnerable groups of migrants in Logatec and students' residence in Postojna, as well as security staff and social workers in Logatec. Seven interviews were conducted with 19 unaccompanied minors aged between 13 and 17 in Logatec and two more in Postojna. | Interviews with unaccompanied migrant minors in Slovenia revealed that their experiences during reception and the asylum process were significantly influenced by how they were treated by police, social workers, and decision—makers. The ability to express themselves and have a voice, facilitated by professional translators or culturally sensitive, specially trained interviewers, was another crucial factor affecting their perception of fairness and respect for their rights in the asylum procedure. The analysis indicated that while being underage sometimes protects unaccompanied minor migrants from deportation, granting them temporary protection, it does not ensure the rights guaranteed by the legally binding provisions of the CRC. | Full article: Transcendi ng non-citizenship? Looking at asylum policy through the lens of a child-centred approach and the procedural justice perspective (ukm.si) |



| No | Author<br>(year)                | Study purpose   | Study type          | Data collection   | Participants and sampling   | Main findings   | Link   |
|----|---------------------------------|---|---------------------|---|---|---|--|
| 3  | Medarić and<br>Gornik<br>(2023) | To explore subjective perceptions of wellbeing of migrant students such as what they need to feel safe and accepted, their fears and how they think of their past and future. It also sheds light on age-specific understandings of migration processes and perspectives that are underrepresented in integration policies. | Qualitative methods | Open-ended narrative interviews using a comparative perspective, participant observation method, focus groups | Two age groups of migrant children, one group of 27 students attending primary school (9-14 years) and another group of 34 students attending secondary school (15-18 years) in 7 schools in Slovenia. A nonprobability sampling method was used. | The main findings were that no matter the age of students, friends, family, language learning and a welcoming school environment are vital for migrant children's well-being and life satisfaction. Some factors that influence their well-being differed between age groups, as older children considered their peers a more important source of their well-being than younger ones. On the other hand, younger students considered teachers more important for their well-being and they also considered a positive outlook on the future as an important factor in dealing with negative experiences related to migration. | Does age matter? The well-being of migrant children in comparativ e perspective (cobiss.net) |



| No | Author<br>(year)                      | Study purpose  | Study type                           | Data collection               | Participants and sampling   | Main findings   | Link   |
|----|---------------------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|---|--|
| 4  | Kocijančič<br>Pokorn et al.<br>(2016) | To present how certain political environments talk about migrations and what consequences that has on migrant care and inclusion. The article tries to give answers to certain political statements, which say translation and interpreting services disable successful migrant integration. The study attempts to form politically relevant suggestions and determine linguistic policies and strategies, which would achieve a compromise. | Qualitative and quantitative methods | Interviews,<br>questionnaires | Residents of the asylum centre in Ljubljana (n=19). The sample was created based on the geographical composition of the population in the asylum. | The results show that despite having interpreting services, migrants are aware of the importance of learning the host country's dominant language. Migrants don't see translation and interpreting services as the most ideal and wanted linguistic strategies, on the contrary, they find it uncomfortable that a stranger they don't trust helps them communicate. They also refuse interpreting and translation services because it does not allow them to be completely independent. Nevertheless, interviewees are aware that interpreting services are crucial in some situations, such as judicial procedures. | Nočem biti<br>odvisna«:<br>Ali javne<br>prevajalske<br>in tolmaške<br>storitve res<br>negativno<br>vplivajo na<br>aktivno<br>vključenost<br>migrantov<br>v državo<br>gostiteljico?<br>(cobiss.net) |



| No | Author<br>(year) | Study purpose   | Study type             | Data collection                 | Participants and sampling                                | Main findings   | Link   |
|----|------------------|---|------------------------|---------------------------------|--|---|--|
| 5  | Zorn (2009)      | To critically examine the policies and practices surrounding the detention and deportation of migrants. The article aims to highlight the human rights implications of these policies and advocate for the rights of migrants to remain in their host countries. It discusses social and legal challenges faced by migrants and argues against the use of detention and deportation as tools for migration control. | Qualitative<br>methods | Literature overview, case study | There is no information about participants and sampling. | The policies of detention and deportation often result in significant human rights violations, including the deprivation of liberty and the right to family life. Additionally, the psychological impact on migrants is profound, causing stress, anxiety, and trauma. Migrants also face numerous legal and social challenges, such as limited access to legal representation and social services. | Full article The right stay: challengin the policy of detention and deportation (ukm.si) |



### THE LATEST PROJECTS IN SLOVENIA

| No | Author (year)                                    | Title, Acronym   | Programme   | Period<br>of<br>project     | Implementation<br>level   | Main objective   | Link  |
|----|--|--|---|-----------------------------|---|--|---|
| 1  | Center RS za poklicno izobraževanje (CPI) (n.d.) | Celostni pristop za uspešno integracijo migrantov (Holistic approach for successful integration of migrants) | Financial<br>support from<br>the Erasmus<br>+ program | 1. 9.<br>2016—1.<br>9. 2018 | They developed an innovative vocational education and training program for working with migrants, an updated and upgraded catalogue of skills for the verification of professional competence for professional colleagues in the field of work with migrants, professional frameworks for the new professional qualification "coordinator/cons ultant" of work with migrants, trainer guide, and model coordination network of experts for the integration of migrants. | To establish an integrated approach for the successful integration of migrants, unify verification of the professional competence of the professionals working with migrants, and unify the practice of working with migrants. | https://cpi.si/med<br>narodno-<br>sodelovanje/eras<br>mus-<br>plus/celostni-<br>pristop-za-<br>uspesno-<br>integracijo-<br>migrantov/ |



| No | Author (year)            | Title, Acronym   | Programme   | Period<br>of<br>project           | Implementation<br>level   | Main objective   | Link  |
|----|--------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|---|--|---|
| 2  | Mirovni inštitut (n. d.) | Krepitev migrantskih glasov v procesih lokalne integracije in vključevanja (Empowering migrant voices) (EMV-LII) | Funded by EU AMIF- 2023: Integracija in vključevanje na regionalni in lokalni ravni | 1. 4.<br>2024 –<br>31. 3.<br>2027 | EMVI-LII develops, improves, and spreads different methods of migrant participation in the formulation and implementation of local integration and inclusion strategies. Some of these methods include migrant councils, the internet and direct involvement in the process of asking questions and suggesting ideas, portals for online participation, and roundtables on migrant-led advocacies and policies. All of the methods were piloted and proven effective in the project EMVI. | Specific goals are the empowerment of migrant participation in local integration by training and capacity building, increased efficiency and willingness of local and regional authorities concerning the inclusion of migrants into local integration strategies, and strengthening cooperation mechanisms for local integration and inclusion. | Krepitev migrantskih glasov v procesih lokalne integracije in vključevanja (EMV-LII)   Mirovni inštitut - Inštitut za sodobne družbene in politične študije (mirovni-institut.si) |



3 Slovenska filantropija (n.d.)

Mentorstvo za integracijo otrok migrantov iz tretjih držav (Mentoring for integration of third country national children affected by migration (MINT)) Co-funded by the European Union's Asylum, Migration and Integration Fund and the Ministry of Public Administratio n of the Republic of Slovenia implemented.
Awareness raising and advocacy activities were conducted, including events with local peers and teachers and the production of videos on migrant children's integration experiences.

The project utilized To facilitate child integration, an innovative improve social relations, and empower local youth and mentoring program to foster third-country national children in Europe and more inclusive contribute to more inclusive societies in Romania, Poland. societies with innovative the Czech mentoring program. The project aimed to successfully Republic, and integrate 120 children and Slovenia. The youth affected by migration MINT project in Slovenia involved into all partnering countries, enabling 1000 children to two cycles of acquire knowledge and skills mentoring for inclusion in social relations programs in two cities, involving 37 and empowering 240 children and 35 children and young people through awareness raising volunteer mentors. A child-friendly and advocacy. documentary was produced to explain Slovenia's cultural, social. and historical background. Online and offline Slovenian language courses were

https://www.filant ropija.org/mintmentorstvo-zaintegracijo-otrokmigrantov-iztretjih-drzav/



| No | Author (year)                       | Title, Acronym   | Programme                                 | Period<br>of<br>project           | Implementation<br>level  | Main objective   | Link   |
|----|-------------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 4  | Socialna zbornica Slovenije (n. d.) | Krepitev sistema socialnega varstva na področju varstva otrok in mladostnikov beguncev in migrantov ter otrok in mladostnikov brez spremstva (Strengthening the social protection system in the area of protection of refugee and migrant children and adolescents and unaccompanied children and adolescents) | No information on funding has been found. | 1. 4.<br>2017 –<br>31. 8.<br>2017 | Three-day educational programs were executed for teachers, social workers, volunteers, pedagogical staff, interpreters and cultural mediators, educational and medical staff, law enforcement, etc. A handbook has been published as part of the project and a catalogue of skills for working with migrant children and adolescents. All of the activities above have helped and enabled better and more efficient everyday work with migrant and refugee children and adolescents. | The purpose of the project is to develop additional professional qualifications of professionals, associates and all those working in the field of social security in the field of migrants and refugees, by providing a better response and services in accordance with social changes in this field as much as possible. | PROJEKT UNICEF -<br>DELO Z OTROCI  <br>Socialna zbornica<br>(szslo.si) |



Zavod Republike Slovenije za 5 zaposlovanje (n.d.)

Danube Region Information Platform for Economic Integration of Migrants (DRIM)

The project is 1. 1. 2017 funded by Union from the European Regional Developmen t Fund and the Instrument for Pre-Accession Assistance II under the Interreg Danube Transnational Programme.

the European 2019

- 30. 6.

The project Strengthening the capacity of activities were the public institutions to create a development of a favourable environment for conceptual the economic integration of migrants through the effective framework for the dissemination of information development of an information tool on the transnational (Danube information platform Danube Compass, which is the main Compass), the product of the project, and implementation of a pilot action that improving the capacity of civil will verify the servants to support integration as a guide to a relevance and more cohesive society enable the improvement of the information tool for use in the transnational environment, the

implementation of

interactions for the use of the information tool

participants, and the preparation of a transnational strategy highlighting the need to include access to information for migrants' entry into the labour market in the strategic and legislative documents of the Danube countries.

learning

and its dissemination among

Projekt DRIM -Zavod Republike Slovenije za zaposlovanje (gov.si)



### GOOD AND SUSTAINABLE PRACTICES IN SLOVENIA

| Title  | Aims   | Period   | Activities   | Results  | Link   |
|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Day Centre for migrants<br>in Ljubljana, Maribor and<br>Logatec  | To offer psychosocial help to migrants through the organisation of their free time, help establish and strengthen their social networks and help with adjusting to a new culture. It offers a safe space for all migrants.   | 1. 1. 2020 –<br>31. 12. 2027                           | As part of the program, gardening, music, drama, conversation, carpentry and other various workshops have been held so far.  | /  | Dnevni center za<br>migrante Ljubljana,<br>Maribor in Logatec<br>– Slovenska<br>filantropija |
| Slovenian Philanthropy's<br>Migration Programme<br>Unit  | To assist migrants and refugees with their integration into a new environment, to advocate for appropriate practices and legislature in the area of migrations in Slovenia, and the protection of unaccompanied minors. They are also advocating for appropriate access to healthcare and other public services. | No<br>information<br>about the<br>period was<br>found. | They offer counselling, psychosocial and psychotherapeutic assistance, information, and advocacy to migrants, asylum seekers, persons with international protection, undocumented migrants, etc. They organise conferences, roundtables and other public events to enable better integration of migrants into society. | Different activities that were a part of this programme have outgrown Ljubljana and the number of users only keeps increasing. | Migration –<br>Slovenska<br>filantropija   |
| The establishment of<br>the Government Office<br>for Migrant Care and<br>Integration (Urad vlade<br>za oskrbo in integracijo<br>migrantov) | To ensure proper care, accommodation, and psychosocial support for applicants for international protection and their inclusion in Slovenian society.   | Since 2017   | Execution of different programs, which enable applicants to exercise their rights. After they are granted protection, they receive an advisor for inclusion, who then prepares a personal integration plan in cooperation with the migrant. The Office provides accommodation in one of the integration houses.        | /  | O Uradu vlade za<br>oskrbo in<br>integracijo<br>migrantov   GOV.SI                           |



| Title  | Aims   | Period                      | Activities   | Results  | Link   |
|--|--|-----------------------------|--|--|--|
| The project Mentorstvo za integracijo otrok migrantov iz tretjih držav [Mentoring for integration of third country national children affected by migration (MINT)) | To facilitate the integration of 120 children and youth affected by migration in all partnering countries, enhance social relations and empower local and third-country national children, and increase integration capacity in other EU countries through child- and youth-led interventions. | 1. 1. 2019 —<br>28. 2. 2021 | The project included mentoring, online language and cultural introduction courses, and child-led awareness-raising and advocacy.   | The MINT project successfully promoted the integration of children into the targeted host communities.  The project in Slovenia involved two cycles of mentoring programs involving 37 children and 35 volunteer mentors, a child-friendly documentary, online and offline Slovenian language courses, awareness raising, and advocacy activities, including events with local peers and teachers. | https://migrant- integration.ec.euro pa.eu/integration- practice/mint- slovenia- mentoring- integration-third- country-national- children- affected_en |
| The right to vote in local elections   | It gives the ability for political engagement<br>and integration of migrants, thereby aiding in<br>creating a more equitable and democratic<br>political society.  | Since 2002                  | Slovenia's citizenship status affects voting rights, limiting political influence for asylum seekers and refugees, while permanent residency allows local voting at the local level. | /  | http://www.pisrs.<br>si/Pis.web/pregled<br>Predpisa?id=ZAKO<br>3345  |



# INFORMATION ON DETECTION, PREVENTION, PROGRAMS FOR SOCIAL INCLUSION, AND/OR ANY OTHER IMPORTANT ASPECT

A part of a successful integration process is equal access to the labour market. In this context, it is important to shed light on forced labour, which has increased among the migrant population (Lewis et al., 2014). Forced labour affects 28 million people, including children, in all countries and all economic sectors, and it is a severe violation of human rights. The victims often hesitate to report the crime since there is very little benefit to it. First, someone who has paid a labour broker to find them a job certainly does not want to expose how they got it since they would lose the job. Second, if they are residing in the country illegally, they are at risk of prosecution if discovered, therefore reporting the crime is not an option. The third scenario involves getting cheated along the way and ending up working under a criminal organisation, which leaves no room for reporting it since the criminals involved make sure that the threat is severe enough to deter the victims. Few victims report the crime, but still, a large percentage do not for the reasons listed above (Van Heerden, 2015).

Forced labour and labour exploitation include various types of criminal offences, such as: not being paid for overtime, working more than the working hours specified by the law, not being paid (partly or in full) for several months, not being paid for annual leave, not being registered by employers from obligatory health and pension insurance and failing to pay relevant contributions for several years, employer not paying for sick leave, modification of employment contracts without the employee's knowledge and worksite bullying and threats of dismissal. Some employees may also be forced into committing criminal offences and violating various regulations (Frangež & Bučar Ručman, 2017). All of this may help us recognize the signs that the workers are victims of forced labour or labour exploitation.

Migrant workers as potential or actual victims of forced labour, labour exploitation and similar may ask for help from several different organisations or institutions, such as: Migrant Counselling Office, which is available to users every working day from 8 AM to 5 PM via the toll-free phone number 080 14 34 and at the office located at the headquarters of ZSSS at Dalmatinova 4 in Ljubljana; Labour Inspectorate of the Republic of Slovenia: Parmova 33, 1000 Ljubljana, phone: 00 386 1 478 47 45; Report of undeclared work: 00 386 1 436 14 11; Financial Administration of the Republic of Slovenia: anonymous phone: 080 11 22; email: prijave.fu@gov.si; Društvo Ključ: available every working day from 9 AM to 1 PM via a toll-free phone number 080 17 22 or email address info@drustvo-kljuc.si.and Security, n. d.)



## Spain

### THE LATEST RESEARCH IN SPAIN

population.

| No | Author<br>(year)                                  | Study<br>purpose  | Study type  | Data<br>collection                               | Participants and sampling   | Main findings   | Link  |
|----|---|---|-------------|--|---|---|---|
| 1  | Pasetti and<br>Cumella de<br>Montserrat<br>(2020) | This text takes stock of the current state of integration policies in Spain from the perspective of formal equality. It assesses the extent to which the regulatory framework, which governs the integration of immigrants in Spain, ensures rights, opportunities and stability on equal terms for migrants with the rest of the | Quantitativ | Legislation<br>review and<br>data<br>comparison. | Data from the<br>"Migrant<br>Integration<br>Policy Index<br>(MIPEX) | Overall, the Spanish regulatory framework for integration is above the average for the European Union and the OECD countries as a whole. It is an advanced framework from the point of view of formal access to rights, but with significant limitations in terms of addressing the specific needs of migrants, and it faces restrictions when it comes to guaranteeing a stable long-term integration process. | https://www.cidob.org/publicaciones/serie_de_publicacion/notes_internacionals_cidob/244/las_politicas_de_integracion_en_espana_segun_el_indice_mipexx |



| No | Author<br>(year)  | Study<br>purpose                                     | Study type                          | Data<br>collection   | Participants<br>and sampling  | Main findings   | Link  |
|----|---|--|-------------------------------------|--|---|---|---|
| 2  | Fernández-<br>Huertas<br>Moraga (2021)  | Migration and migration policies in Spain            | Quantitativ<br>e and<br>Qualitative | UN and INE (Spanish National Statistics body) data analysis on migration | Registered<br>migrants data   | -Between 1990 and 2010, especially between 1996 and 2008, Spain was the second favorite immigration destination in the world, only behind the United States.  -2020: total immigrants (defined as foreign-born residing in Spain) at almost 7 million, 14.8 percent of the resident population in Spain.  - The most different factor of immigration in Spain with respect to other European countries was Latin America immigration. Without it, Spain would not have been a different case from its European environment.  - A growing immigration trend is observed in all developed countries until 2050. | https://documentos.fedea.net/pubs/eee/eee2021-10.pdf  |
| 3  | Ministerio de<br>Inclusión,<br>Seguridad<br>Social y<br>Migraciones<br>(2023) | Situation of<br>migrants and<br>refugees in<br>Spain | Qualitative                         | Literature<br>review and<br>comparison.                                  | National and EU<br>legislation on<br>migrant and<br>refugee<br>population<br>policies;<br>integration<br>policies | -Spanish VET system incorporate 44% of foreign studentsSpanish Education Law (LOMLOE) comprises the commitment of diversity inclusion; the adaptation of any educational centre to the social and cultural context; taking measures to mitigate inequalities.   | https://www.inclusion.gob.es/documents/1652165/2966006/Situaci%C3%B3n+de+las+personas+migrantes+y+refugiadas+en+Espa%C3%B1a+-+Informe+Anual+2022.pdf/e55230f9-2aa9-3f4e-d64e-002b746e4551?t=1688465906066 |



| No | Author<br>(year)                           | Study<br>purpose   | Study type                             | Data<br>collection                            | Participants<br>and sampling  | Main findings   | Link  |
|----|--|--|--|---|---|---|---|
| 4  | Mahía Casado<br>and Medina<br>Moral (n.d.) | Report on the<br>migrant<br>population<br>integration in<br>the Spanish<br>labour market | Qualitative<br>and<br>Quantitativ<br>e | Literature<br>review and<br>comparison        | 60 indicators<br>obtained from<br>the Active<br>Population<br>Survey                                    | -General lack of integration of the foreign population in activity, employment, working conditions, and unemployment and wage income.  -Gender analysis reveals a gap in terms of integration for foreigners, both compared to foreigners and Spaniards   | https://www.inclusion.gob.es/<br>oberaxe/ficheros/documentos/<br>Integraciondelapoblacion.pdf |
| 5  | Aragón<br>Medina et al.<br>(n.d.)          | Labour<br>integration<br>migrants in<br>Spain  | Quantitativ<br>e and<br>Qualitative    | Official<br>indicators and<br>statistics data | -Working populations surveys -National Reform Programmes for Spain -National Plans for Social Inclusion | <ul> <li>The migrant population registers higher levels of overqualification, lower average salary, and a lower percentage of participation in professional training compared to the Spanish population.</li> <li>Migrant population shows a higher level of school dropout. Also they present a lower access to university education than the Spaniards.</li> <li>Labour fixed-terms contracts for migrants doubles the situation of Spaniards.</li> </ul> | https://www.mites.gob.es/es/s<br>ec_bep/estudios/ficheros-<br>estudios/000291BB.PDF           |



### THE LATEST PROJECTS IN SPAIN

| No | Author (year)   | Title, Acronym                | Programme | Period<br>of<br>project            | Implementation<br>level | Main objective   | Link   |
|----|---|-------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| 1  | Asociacion<br>Juventud para<br>Cultura y Minorías                       | Art as an inclusion<br>bridge | Erasmus+  | 2020-<br>2021                      | Completed               | The main objective of this training is to develop the skills of European organizations and informal groups by facilitating the processes of prevention of discrimination, intercultural dialogue and social cohesion.                    | https://erasmus-<br>plus.ec.europa.eu/projects/s<br>earch/details/2020-1-ES02-<br>KA105-014563 |
| 2  | Asociación Juvenil<br>por la Integración<br>de los Jóvenes en<br>Europa | Mi casa, tu casa              | Erasmus+  | 01.05.2<br>019-<br>31.12.20<br>219 | Completed               | The goal of the project is to give the participants the set of skills necessary for giving an optimal support to refugees during their integration process. Also, to reinforce the capabilities of youth workers in refugee integration. | https://erasmus-<br>plus.ec.europa.eu/projects/s<br>earch/details/2019-1-ES02-<br>KA105-013093 |
| 3  | Ticket2Europe<br>(NGO)  | Solidarity without<br>Borders | Erasmus+  | 01.04.2<br>021-<br>30.11.2<br>021  | Completed               | The main results can be summarised I the promotion of the notions of diversity, plurality, equity and tolerance among the various sectors of civil society; leading to reflect on the democratic ideals promoted by the EU.              | https://erasmus-<br>plus.ec.europa.eu/projects/s<br>earch/details/2020-3-ES02-<br>KA105-016240 |
| 4  | Associació Càlam.<br>Art, Educació,<br>Sostenibilitat                   | Bridges                       | Erasmus+  | 01.05.2<br>020-<br>31.10.2<br>022  | Completed               | To foster a social dialogue between young people and neighbours about what can be done to facilitate the integration process without having to give up our own culture. All of this through art.   | https://erasmus-<br>plus.ec.europa.eu/projects/s<br>earch/details/2020-1-ES02-<br>KA105-014768 |



| No | Author (year)   | Title, Acronym  | Programme | Period<br>of<br>project           | Implementation<br>level | Main objective  | Link   |
|----|---|---|-----------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------|---|--|
| 5  | Asociación Cultural<br>Recreativa<br>Deportiva, Xuvenil<br>e Prestadora de<br>Servicios Sociais<br>MUXEMA | Committed to<br>migratory, regional<br>and local policies | Erasmus+  | 01.09.2<br>019-<br>31.01.2<br>020 | Completed               | The project is based on the need to support the active participation of young people in democracy, creating an opportunity for meeting and dialogue between young people and those responsible for youth policies in different European geographical areas facing the phenomenon of migration and refugees. | https://erasmus-<br>plus.ec.europa.eu/projects/s<br>earch/details/2019-2-ES02-<br>KA347-013567 |



### GOOD AND SUSTAINABLE PRACTICES IN SPAIN

| Title   | Aims   | Period | Activities       | Results  | Link   |
|---|--|--------|------------------|--|--|
| Event to<br>disseminate the<br>results of the<br>VRIME Project:<br>Risk Assessment<br>Tool for Foreign<br>Minors in Care<br>in Andalusia. | Systematisation of the risk identification process for unaccompanied migrant minors through a digital application. The use of this tool by the actors involved is capable of identifying both the intervention needs and the risks of minors hosted in residential centres, based on a series of behavioural and situational parameters that these minors usually present. In addition, the specific needs of minors can be identified and addressed, making it easier for professionals to formulate objectives and proposals for social intervention in the resources that provide individualised and specialised attention to migrant children. | 2023   | Event April 2023 | The IT toolkit will be incorporated into the intervention protocols of the collaborating entities. It will allow its export to other social welfare entities through the Single Electronic Social History of Andalusia (Cohesiona - HSUE project), which optimise of the management and protection resources for the beneficiaries of social services. | Investigadores de la Universidad Loyola desarrollan una herramienta para detectar y atender necesidades de menores migrantes acogidos (uloyola.es) |



| Title   | Aims   | Period | Activities   | Results  | Link  |
|---|--|--------|--|--|---|
| From Chana to<br>Spain: better<br>future for her<br>children<br>The Erasmus+<br>Project Voices<br>of Immigrant<br>Women (VIW) | Making HEIs more inclusive by promoting a holistic comprehension of the gender issues in migration flows.  | 2022   | Legal assistance (translation services when dealing with authorities), access to and use of health services, intercultural integration (neighbourhood associations, religious bodies), psychological support, community participation (in migrant community associations), language and/or cultural courses. | For the interviewee, the level of protection since accessing the shelters is important, as it is the comprehensive support for her and her children. She values the peace of mind she now has and excited for the future her children may have here, with freedom and a good education.  | Welcome to VIW project (pixel-online.org)                                     |
| AAI: Aulas<br>Abiertas<br>Interculturales   | Project to generate spaces for raising awareness with the population that makes up the school community (students, families and teachers) in educational centres promoting coexistence and socialization in a framework of intercultural education | 2024   | Open lessons (agenda<br>2024)  | Some of the overall expected results includes an integrative education; raising awareness through social and civic skills; pedagogical coordination and support for teachers; working with families in favour of interculturality and respect for differences; socio-educational and cultural awareness-raising proposals aimed at the educational community under an intercultural and non-discrimination approach. | https://ligaeducacion.org/inmigr<br>acion/aulas-abiertas-<br>interculturales/ |
| Integraschool   | To promote good practices of raising awareness about migration in schools, with the participation of all the involved agents: the educational community and public or private social entities.   | 2023   |  | The results varied in a bundle of good practices projects; the creation of ten principles for the intercultural awareness; some educational material on integration awareness for schools; also an awareness activities agenda.  | https://integraschool.org/integraschool/                                      |



| Title | Aims   | Period                               | Activities  | Results   | Link   |
|-------|--|--------------------------------------|---|---|--|
| SARA  | Migrant women capacity-<br>building and integration<br>programme | Ongoin<br>g<br>Agenda<br>for<br>2024 | -Digital skills trainings  -Job search orientation  -work on motivation and self-esteem | Several agreements signed with involved stakeholders like Red Cross and CEPAIM to create training itineraries on the main objectives. | https://www.inmujeres.gob.es/a<br>reasTematicas/AreaProgInsercio<br>nSociolaboral/SaraMujMigrantes<br>.htm |

## INFORMATION ON DETECTION, PREVENTION, PROGRAMS FOR SOCIAL INCLUSION, AND/OR ANY OTHER IMPORTANT ASPECT

| Title  | Programme | Туре        | Aims  | Period                | Implementation<br>level | Main<br>results |
|--|-----------|-------------|---|-----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Proyecto de Integración de<br>Inmigrantes (Fundación La Merced<br>Migraciones) |           | Integration | It offers reception, protection and comprehensive support programmes for migrants in vulnerable situations, including training and job placement. | Ongoing<br>since 2005 | Spain                   |                 |
| Programa de Acompañamiento para<br>la Integración (Red Acoge)                  |           | Integration | Provides personalised support to migrants to facilitate their social and labour integration, including counselling and training in key skills.    | Ongoing<br>since 2008 | Spain                   |                 |



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